GRADO EN GESTIÓN DE LA SEGURIDAD PÚBLICA

Public information security management

- 1. The administration and organization of cybersecurity in AA PP. The National Cybersecurity strategy
- 2. Standardization, homologation, evaluation, certification and accreditation. Legal framework.
 - 2.1. International (ISO, IEC, ITU), European (CEN, CENELEC, ETSI) and national (UNE) organizations. UNE standards-
 - 2.2. Military normalization.
- 3. Introduction to information security.
 - 3.1. Security of the information. Terminology and definitions.
 - 3.2. Assets to protect. Threats, vulnerabilities and security measures.
- 4. The Information Security Management System. ISO 27XXX family.
 - 4.1. Certifiable standards.
 - 4.2. Standards 27000, 27001 and 27002.
- 5. The comprehensive security plan for information systems.
 - 5.1. Security policy.
 - 5.2. Security Department. CERT, CSIRT, SOC
 - 5.3. Security program.
- 6. Risk analysis and management. The MAGERIT method. The PILAR tool
- Training and awareness plans.
 7.1. The security manual.
- 8. Information classification.
 - 8.1. Classification levels.
 - 8.2. Qualification of security, company and establishment personnel.
 - 8.3. ICT security policy that handle classified information
- 9. Legal aspects related to security management.

9.1. Regulation (EU) 2014/910. Electronic identification and trust services (eIDAS Regulation). Law 6/2020. Trusted electronic services

9.2. Directive 2016/1148. Security of networks and information systems (NIS Directive). Royal Decree Law 12/2018.

9.3. Management aspects in the (EU) 2016/679 General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR). Law 3/2018. Protection of personal data and guarantee of digital rights.
9.4. Royal Decree 3/2010. National Security Scheme in the field of electronic Administration.