

# Macroeconomic III

## Syllabus 1st part

Hernán D. Seoane  
UC3M

### Logistics

Theory classes: Monday and Wednesday 4pm to 5.30. Data, methods and models

Office hours: Wednesday before or after class (flexible but by appointment). 15.1.19

Practice classes: Thursday. Computational stuff, implementation and some exercises

Grade Hernan: Problem sets (10%), midterm (40%)

Grade Felix: Presentations (10%), final (40%)

Final Grade: sum of both

### Evaluation (my part)

2 (maybe 3) homework: solve models by hand and in the computer

Midterm is a take home midterm to do during the week of October 21<sup>st</sup> to 30th (most likely you will get it earlier and you will be able to submit a bit later, if needed)

We will use Matlab and Julia

### What we do here

contact: [hseoane@eco.uc3m.es](mailto:hseoane@eco.uc3m.es)

I teach the first half (7 weeks), Felix Wellshmied will teach the second half

Real Business Cycle

- base model
- extensions: asset pricing
- extensions: news shocks, maybe something else

Monetary models without price frictions

- base model
- fiscal/monetary interaction
- SL ch 24 and 25
- SW unpleasant
- Leeper 1991

## New-Keynesian

- base model: monetary models without money and price frictions
- extensions: zlb, unconventional monetary policy, fiscal/monetary interaction
- helicopter money, policy switching

In the middle we will focus on

- Empirics and stylized facts
- Methods: local solution methods, linear and non-linear
- some econometric stuff (VARs, identification, etc.)

Our key methodological focus will be on Perturbation methods: local solution methods, linear and non-linear

Big advantage of these methods: fast and accurate around an approximation point. Allows for full and partial information estimation methods

# Macroeconomics III Second Part

Professors: Felix Wellschmied

UC3M

**Objective.** The objective of the course is to introduce the modeling and computation of heterogeneous agents economies. The focus is on economies with incomplete asset markets where workers face idiosyncratic risk.

## Part I. Macroeconomic heterogeneity in the data.

1. Income and consumption inequality: (Heathcote, Perri, and Violante 2010), (Binelli and Attanasio 2010).
2. Estimating earnings risk: (MaCurdy 1982), (Duffie and Singleton 1993), (Horowitz 2003).
3. Wealth inequality: (Rios-Rull 2016).

## Part II. Theoretical framework.

1. The heterogeneous agents model in steady state: (Huggett 1993), (Aiyagari 1994).
2. Entrepreneurship and wealth: (Cagetti and De Nardi 2006).
3. Social insurance and poverty: (Hubbard, Skinner, and Zeldes 1995).

## Part III. Numerical methods applied to heterogeneous agents economies.

1. Differentiation, integration and function approximation.
2. Finding the root of a function: (Heer and Maussner 2009) Chapter 8.
3. Golden section search: (Heer and Maussner 2009) Chapter 8.
4. Least square minimization: (Heer and Maussner 2009) Chapter 8.
5. Value function iteration, Multigrid, Projections: (Tsao and Tsitsiklis 1991), (Judd 2001).

6. Endogenous grid points: (Carroll 2006), (Barillas and Fernandez-Villaverde 2007).

#### **Part IV. Search frictions as source of labor market risk.**

1. Heterogeneous jobs as source of risk: (Postel-Vinay and Robin 2002), (Hornstein, Krusell, and Violante 2012).
2. Job and productivity heterogeneity: (Low, Meghir, and Pistaferri 2010), (Tjaden and Wellschmied 2014).

#### **Part V. From income to consumption inequality.**

1. Consumption insurance in the data: (Blundell, Pistaferri, and Preston 2008).
2. Consumption insurance from self-insurance: (Kaplan and Violante 2010).
3. Consumption insurance from private-insurance: (Krueger and Perri 2006).

#### **Part VI. Income insurance from the government.**

1. Social security: (Krueger and Kubler 2006).
2. Capital taxation: (Conesa, Kitao, and Krueger 2009).
3. Progressive income taxation: (Heathcote, Storesletten, and Violante 2016).

#### **Part VII. Idiosyncratic risk and aggregate fluctuations.**

1. Unemployment risk: (Shimer 2005), (Hagedorn and Manovskii 2008).
2. Neoclassical growth model with idiosyncratic risk: (Krusell and Smith 1998).
3. Neoclassical growth model with lumpy investment: (Khan and Thomas 2003).

## References

- AIYAGARI, R. (1994): “Uninsured Idiosyncratic Risk and Aggregate Saving,” *Quarterly Journal of Economics*, 109(3), 659–684.
- BARILLAS, F., AND J. FERNANDEZ-VILLAVERDE (2007): “A Generalization of the Endogenous Grid Method,” *Journal of Economic Dynamics and Control*, 31(8), 2698–2712.
- BINELLI, C., AND O. ATTANASIO (2010): “Mexico in the 1990s: The Main Cross-Sectional Facts,” *Review of Economic Dynamics*, 13, 238–364.
- BLUNDELL, R., L. PISTAFERRI, AND I. PRESTON (2008): “Consumption Inequality and Partial Insurance,” *American Economic Review*, 98(5), 1887–1921.
- CAGETTI, M., AND M. DE NARDI (2006): “Entrepreneurship, Frictions, and Wealth,” *Journal of Political Economy*, 114(5), 835–870.
- CARROLL, C. D. (2006): “The Method of Endogenous Gridpoints for Solving Dynamic Stochastic Optimization Problems,” *Economics Letters*, 91(3), 312–320.
- CONESA, J. C., S. KITAO, AND D. KRUEGER (2009): “Taxing Capital? Not a Bad Idea After All!,” *American Economic Review*, 99(1), 25–48.
- DUFFIE, D., AND K. SINGLETON (1993): “Simulated Moments Estimation of Markov Models of Asset Pricing,” *Econometrica*, 61(4), 929–952.
- HAGEDORN, M., AND I. MANOVSKII (2008): “The Cyclical Behavior of Equilibrium Unemployment and Vacancies Revisited,” *American Economic Review*, 98(4), 1692–1706.
- HEATHCOTE, J., F. PERRI, AND G. L. VIOLANTE (2010): “Unequal we stand: An Empirical Analysis of Economic Inequality in the United States, 1967–2006,” *Review of Economic Dynamics*, 13, 15–51.
- HEATHCOTE, J., K. STORESLETTEN, AND G. L. VIOLANTE (2016): “Optimal Tax Progressivity: An Analytical Framework,” Discussion paper, Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis.
- HEER, B., AND A. MAUSSNER (2009): *Dynamic General Equilibrium Modeling Computational Methods and Applications*. Springer.
- HORNSTEIN, A., P. KRUSELL, AND G. L. VIOLANTE (2012): “Frictional Wage Dispersion in Search Models: A Quantitative Assessment,” *American Economic Review*, 101(7), 2873–2898.
- HOROWITZ, J. L. (2003): “Bootstrap Methods for Markov Processes,” *Econometrica*, 71(4), 1049–1082.
- HUBBARD, G. R., J. SKINNER, AND S. P. ZELDES (1995): “Precautionary Savings and Social Insurance,” *Journal of Political Economy*, 103(2), 360–399.

- HUGGETT, M. (1993): “The Risk-Free Rate in Heterogeneous-Agent Incomplete-Insurance Economies,” *Journal of Economic Dynamics and Control*, 17(5), 953–963.
- JUDD, K. (2001): “Projection Methods for Functional Problems,” *NAKE Workshop*.
- KAPLAN, G., AND G. L. VIOLANTE (2010): “How Much Consumption Insurance beyond Self-Insurance?,” *American Economic Journal: Macroeconomics*, 2(4), 53–87.
- KHAN, A., AND J. K. THOMAS (2003): “Nonconvex Factor Adjustments in Equilibrium Business Cycle Models: Do Nonlinearities Matter?,” *Journal of Monetary Economics*, 50(2), 331–360.
- KRUEGER, D., AND F. KUBLER (2006): “Pareto-Improving Social Security Reforms When Financial Markets are Incomplete!,” *American Economic Review*, 96(3), 737–755.
- KRUEGER, D., AND F. PERRI (2006): “Does Income Inequality Lead to Consumption Inequality? Evidence and Theory,” *Review of Economic Studies*, 73(2), 163–193.
- KRUSELL, P., AND A. SMITH (1998): “Income and Wealth Heterogeneity in the Macroeconomy,” *Journal of Political Economy*, 105(3), 867–896.
- LOW, H., C. MEGHIR, AND L. PISTAFERRI (2010): “Wage Risk and Employment Risk over the Life Cycle,” *American Economic Review*, 100(4), 1432–1467.
- MACURDY, T. E. (1982): “The use of time series processes to model the error structure of earnings in a longitudinal data analysis,” *Journal of Econometrics*, 18(1), 83 – 114.
- POSTEL-VINAY, F., AND J.-M. ROBIN (2002): “Equilibrium Wage Dispersion with Worker and Employer Heterogeneity,” *Econometrica*, 70(6), 2295–2350.
- RIOS-RULL, M. K. V. (2016): “2013 Update on the U.S. Earnings, Income, and Wealth Distributional Facts: A View from Macroeconomic Modelers,” *Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis Quarterly Review*, 37(1).
- SHIMER, R. (2005): “The Cyclical Behavior of Equilibrium Unemployment and Vacancies,” *American Economic Review*, 95(1), 25–49.
- TJADEN, V., AND F. WELLSCHMIED (2014): “Quantifying the Contribution of Search to Wage Inequality,” *American Economic Journal: Macroeconomics*, 6(1), 134–161.
- TSAO, C.-S., AND J. TSITSIKLIS (1991): “An Optimal One-Way Multigrid Algorithm for Discrete Time Stochastic Control,” *IEEE Transaction on Automatic Control*, 36(8), 898–914.