uc3m Universidad Carlos III de Madrid

Compilers

Academic Year: (2023 / 2024) Review date: 19-05-2023

Department assigned to the subject: Computer Science and Engineering Department

Coordinating teacher: GARCIA HERRERO, JESUS

Type: Electives ECTS Credits: 6.0

Year: 3 Semester: 2

REQUIREMENTS (SUBJECTS THAT ARE ASSUMED TO BE KNOWN)

Programming (Course: first - Semester: first)

Automata and Formal Language Theory (Course: second - Semester: second)

SKILLS AND LEARNING OUTCOMES

- ¿ Know the techniques of lexical, syntactic and semantic analysis, and know how to develop a parser for a programming language or a domain-specific language.
- ¿ Know the most common code generation and optimisation techniques, and know how to determine their impact
- Know and know how to apply the most common techniques for error detection and recovery.

DESCRIPTION OF CONTENTS: PROGRAMME

Descriptors: Representation of formal languages, lexical analysis, syntactic analysis, semantic analysis, code generation, error recovery, code optimization

UNIT I: Introduction

History of compilers and languages

Basics

Languages and grammars

Formal definitions of Grammar, Regular Expressions and Automata

Phases and structure of a compiler

Tombstone diagrams

TOPIC II: Lexical Analysis
Design of a Lexical Analyzer
Finite Automata Regular Languages ¿;recognizers
Construction of a Finite Automaton. Examples
Automatic Lexical Analyzer Generator: LEX
Handling Lexical Errors

THEME III: Parsing

Introduction to Syntactic Analysis

Classification of methods of syntactic analysis

Descending Scan, Syntactic LL LL obtaining table (1). Examples Ascending Scan, Syntactic LR

Treatment of Ambiguous Grammars. Examples

Automatic Parser Generator: YACC

UNIT IV: Treatment of Syntactic Errors

Errors. Detection and Recovery Strategies. Examples

Recovery with different analyzers

Descent parser LL

Up operator precedence parser

Ascending LR Parser

UNIT V: Semantic Analysis

Attribute Grammars, Examples, Registration

Specifying a translator: Translation Directed by Syntax and Translation Schemes

Evaluation of grammars

Construction of Abstract Syntax Trees

UNIT VI: Verification of Types

Introduction

Type expressions

Type systems. Checking static and dynamic

Sample construction and verification of simple types

Equivalence of type expressions

Overloading and Object Orientation

UNIT VII: Intermediate Code Generation

Types of Intermediate Languages Codes three directions. Alternatives

Intermediate code generation: statements, arithmetic expressions, arrays

Control Flow Statements

UNIT VIII: Machine Code Generation Machine and target machine code

Options machine code

Instructions and addressing and cost

Simple code generation from intermediate language

Basic blocks and flow graphs

Register allocation

Translation of other instructions

UNIT IX: Table of Symbols and Execution Environment

Memory allocation

Static and dynamic allocation

Stack and heap management. Examples

Function calls

Activation records

Passing parameters

Operations and organization of the symbol table

UNIT X: Code Optimization

Code optimization concept

Local optimization of basic blocks

Function preserving transformations

Elimination of dead code

Loops optimizatio

Global analysis of the data stream

UNIT XI: Specific Aspects

Other language processor

interpreter

Preprocesadotes and macroprocesadores

Language desig

Data structures and contro

Aspects of compilation for specific types of language

Examples of compilers

LEARNING ACTIVITIES AND METHODOLOGY

Theoretical lectures: 1.5 ECTS. To achieve the specific cognitive competences of the course.

Practical lectures: 1,5 ECTS. To develop the specific instrumental competences and most of the general competences, such as analysis, abstraction, problem solving and capacity to apply theoretical concepts. Besides, to develop the specific attitudinal competences. They consist in proposing during the practical lectures a compiler/interpreter project to be developed in teamwork.

- -Guided academic activities (present teacher): 1 ECTS. The student proposes a project according to the teachers guidance to go deeply into some aspect of the course, followed by public presentation.
- -Guided academic activities (absent teacher): 1.5 ECTS. Exercises and complementary readings proposed by teacher. Exercises and examination: 0,5 ECTS. To complete the development of specific cognitive and procedimental capacities.

ASSESSMENT SYSTEM

Exercises and examinations are both learning and evaluation activities. The evaluation system includes the assessment of guided academic activities and practical cases, with the following weights:

Exercises and examination: 40%

Practical case: 40%

Guided academic activities - Present teacher: 15% - Absent teacher: 5%

% end-of-term-examination: 40

% of continuous assessment (assignments, laboratory, practicals...): 60

BASIC BIBLIOGRAPHY

- A. V. Aho and Ravi Sethi and J. D. Ullman Compiladores: Principios, Técnicas y Herramientas, Addison-Wesley Iberoamericana, 1990.
- Kenneth C. Louden Construcción de Compiladores. Principios y práctica, Thomson, 2004.

ADDITIONAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Dick Grune, Henri E. Bal, Ceriel J.H. Jacobs, Koen G. Langendoen Modern Compiler Design, John Wiley & Sons,
- Doug Brown, John Levine, Tony Mason Lex & Yacc, O'Reilly Media, Inc., 1995.
- F. J. Sanchis and C. Galán Compiladores: Teoría y Construcción, Paraninfo, 1986.
- Garrido, Iñesta, Moreno, Pérez Diseño de Compiladores, Publicaciones Universidad de Alicante, 2002.