uc3m Universidad Carlos III de Madrid

Cervantes y su mundo: Las novelas ejemplares (1613)

Curso Académico: (2021 / 2022) Fecha de revisión: 27/08/2021 13:00:59

Departamento asignado a la asignatura: Cursos de estudios hispánicos

Coordinador/a: COLAS GIL, MANUEL JESUS Tipo: Obligatoria Créditos ECTS : 6.0

Curso: 1 Cuatrimestre:

DESCRIPCIÓN DE CONTENIDOS: PROGRAMA

This literature course might be out of your academic comfort zone, but offers the unique opportunity to learn about one of the most influential figures in Western literature, Miguel de Cervantes, his work and also about the city of Madrid where he lived, wrote and died. But some of you, living under the Age of Technology, might wonder what a literature course is for in the XXI century. The Humanities are considered the fragile disciplines nowadays, but many experts and intellectuals stress the vital importance of the humanities in higher education, noting that humanities courses help students to develop valuable skills that transcend disciplines -among them critical thinking, analytical reading, moral reasoning and imagination.

But what do the Exemplary Novels mean or represent today? Twenty first-century readers might find the volume just entertaining, or weird, but a close reading of this collection of short stories illuminates the depth of an experimental literary process that opens a window to Cervantes' preoccupations and participation with his fictional works in some of the most hotly social debates of his time. This course explores literary representations of social, political and religious issues in Cervantes' Exemplary Novels. We will look at this collection of short stories to analyze the relationship between literary fiction and its historic and cultural determinations. Also this approach will allow us to reflect on topics from Cervantes' time that are still relevant in debates in contemporary Spain.

In 1613 Cervantes publishes in Spain the Exemplary Novels. The volume is a collection of twelve brilliant and sophisticated short stories that comes out a few years after Cervantes' suddenly acquired fame. In his book the author of Don Quixote explores literary techniques and displays a myriad of topics and characters from his contemporary life: crime in cities, poverty, prostitution and public health, government corruption, gypsy communities, pirates and delinquency on the sea, religious tensions, madness and social alienation, etc.

Cervantes lives and writes during one of the richest and most remarkable periods of Spanish literature, but also under the decline of the Spanish Empire. The author of Don Quixote explores some of the main problems that affect a society that lives and struggles to survive under the monarchy of the Habsburg. The city is a common scenario in his stories: Madrid, Valladolid, Salamanca, and specially Seville and the Andalusia region where Cervantes spent a great amount of time.

BEYOND THE TEXTS:

A list of visits and activities in Madrid and surrounding areas are suggested: from museums to convents, churches, synagogues, mosques, temporary exhibits, libraries, palaces or cultural institutions. This way students could learn about Cervantes´ time not only from his literary works but also from paintings and other fine arts, civil and religious architecture, manuscripts, theater and music.

SISTEMA DE EVALUACIÓN

At the beginning of every class the students are given relevant historical and social information, which will be used as a guide to the analysis of the reading, and as an introduction to the class discussion. Students' performance is evaluated every day, since participation in class is part of their final grade. As

part of the evaluation, the student has to submit homework, and write a final essay. Attendance in this course is mandatory, and class participation is essential. If a student misses class, it is his/her responsibility to get the information, which was covered during the class that they missed. Valuable class participation is the result of a careful, responsible and critical reading of the texts.

Given that attendance and participation are fundamental in this course, non-justified absences affect the final grade in the class in the following way:

- 1 absence (final grade goes down 0.3)
- 2 absences (final grade goes down 0.5)
- 3 absences (the course is failed)

Throughout the course, the student has to submit several assignments to the instructor. These assignments consist of a few questions that should be elaborated at home and turned in on the dates marked on the class chronogram. These assignments are graded and returned to the student. They should be seen as valuable writing exercises in preparation for both exams, and the final paper. Order and articulation of ideas, clarity in the presentation, and the critical and analytical aptitudes of the student are evaluated.

Throughout the semester, the student takes two written exams (a midterm and a final). In each exam, the student has to answer theoretical questions discussed in class. The exam also includes a practical section in which they have to answer questions about a given passage. At the end of the semester the student has to write a final essay about a text and a topic if his/her interest. A few weeks before the submission date, the instructor suggests a list of topics to the students. The students have the freedom to pick any topic he-she might be interested in. The essay should be 7 pages long, and a hard copy should be submitted the day of the final exam. Late submissions are penalized.

BIBLIOGRAFÍA BÁSICA

- Cervantes, Miguel de Exemplary Novels. Translated from the English by Edith Grossman. Edited by Roberto González Echevarría, New Haven and London: Yale University Press, 2016