Physics I

#### Academic Year: ( 2020 / 2021 )

Department assigned to the subject: Physics Department

Coordinating teacher: SANTALLA ARRIBAS, SILVIA NOEMI

Type: Basic Core ECTS Credits : 6.0

Year : 1 Semester : 1

Branch of knowledge: Engineering and Architecture

# REQUIREMENTS (SUBJECTS THAT ARE ASSUMED TO BE KNOWN)

Physics and Mathematics at high school level (bachillerato)

#### **OBJECTIVES**

By the end of this subject, students will be able to have:

- 1. Knowledge and understanding of the physics principles underlying their branch of engineering;
- 2. The ability to apply their knowledge and understanding to identify, formulate and solve mechanics and thermodynamic problems using established methods;
- 3. The ability to design and conduct appropriate experiments, interpret the data and draw conclusions;
- 4. The ability to select and use appropriate tools and methods to solve mechanics and thermodynamics problems;
- 5. The ability to combine theory and practice to solve mechanics and thermodynamic problems;
- 6. Laboratory skills.

## DESCRIPTION OF CONTENTS: PROGRAMME

- 1. Kinematics of a particle
- Position, path and displacement. Speed. Acceleration, intrinsic components of acceleration
- Movement composition
- Circular motion
- Reference systems (1)
- Integration of equations of motion without explicit dependence on time
- 2. Dynamics of a particle
- -Fundamental concepts: mass, forces, linear moment
- -Newton's laws
- -Examples of forces: weight, elastic force, friction...
- -Angular moment and moment of forces
- -Reference systems (2). Inertial forces
- 3. Conservative and non-conservative forces. Work and energy.
- -Scalar and vector fields. Gradient and curl.
- -Conservative fields. Potential function.
- -Work. Power. Kinetic energy
- -Conservative forces and potential energy
- -Non-conservative forces.
- 4. Systems of particles
- -Internal and external forces.
- -Statics. General condition of equilibrium.
- -Motion of the center of masses.
- -Kinetic energy of a system of particles.
- -Conservation theorems for a system of particles.

5. Kinematics of the Rigid Body

- -Rotation and translation motion.
- -Motion of the rigid body in the plane.
- -Moment of inertia.
- -Theorem of Steiner.

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6. Dynamics of the Rigid Body

-Equations of motion of the rigid body

-Rotation work and power.

-Kinetic energy of rotation.

7. Introduction to Thermodynamics

-Thermodynamics: concept and definitions.

-Equilibrium States. Quasistatic processes and reversible processes.

-Work.

-Gases

-Definition of temperature

-Thermometry. Ideal gas scale

-Thermal coefficients: expansion and isotherm compressibility

8. First principle

-Experiment of Joule and statement of Helmholtz.

-Internal energy; energy equation of state.

-Heat. Heat capacities and specific heats. Heat and work sources.

-Phase Changes

-Application to ideal gases.

-Diagrams PV and PT

9. Second principle

-Statement of Kelvin-Planck. Thermal engines.

- -Statement of Clausius. Refrigerating machines. Irreversibility.
- -Cycle of Carnot. Theorem of Carnot. Consequences

-Cycles with ideal gases.

10. Entropy

-Theorem of Clausius. Entropy

-Diagrams T-S. Entropy in ideal gases.

-Entropy in irreversible processes. Entropy balance.

# LEARNING ACTIVITIES AND METHODOLOGY

- Theoretical-practical master classes oriented to the acquisition of theoretical knowledge.

- Classes of problems in small groups with active participation of the students.

- Presentations and personal work of the student.

- Practical laboratory sessions of obligatory attendance, oriented to the acquisition of practical skills related to the program of the subject.

- The tutorial regime will be adjusted to the regulations developed by the University.

## ASSESSMENT SYSTEM

1) Laboratory sessions (15% of final grade).

- Attendance to the laboratory sessions is compulsory, as well as the completion of the report requested for each session.

- Laboratory reports will be graded as well as the participation and attitude in the laboratory sessions.

2) Assessment during the course (25% of final grade).

- Midterm exams.

- Delivery and evaluation of any assigned homework.

3) Final exam (60% of final grade)

The exam is made at the end of the semester and it is the same for all the students.

Minimal grade in written exam to pass the course: 3.0. This requirement is independent of what the final grade might be once the different aggregate contributions are added.

% end-of-term-examination:	60
% of continuous assessment (assigments, laboratory, practicals):	40

## BASIC BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Paul A. Tipler - Gene Mosca Física para la ciencia y la tecnología. Volumen I / Physics for scientists and engineers. V1, Reverté / W.H. Freeman.

- Raymond A. Serway John W Jewett Física / Physics, Paraninfo / Thomson .

## ADDITIONAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- David Halliday, Robert Resnick, Jearl Walker Fundamentals of physics, John Wiley and Sons.

- Douglas C. Giancoli Física : principios con aplicaciones / Physics : principles with applications, Prentice-Hall Hispanoamericana / Pearson Education International .

- Francis W Sears, Mark Waldo Zemansky, Hugh D Young, Roger A Freedman Física universitaria / University Physics, Pearson.

- Marcelo Alonso, Edward J Finn Física, Pearson Educación.
- Paul G. Hewitt Física conceptual, Addison-Wesley Iberoamericana.

### BASIC ELECTRONIC RESOURCES

- University of Colorado . Phet interactive simulation: https://phet.colorado.edu/es/simulations/category/physics
- Walter Fendt . Apps on Physics: https://www.walter-fendt.de/html5/phes/